When Johnny Comes Marching Home

Background Information

Music could be heard throughout the Civil War amongst soldiers, sailors, slaves, women, men, and children. Many of the songs were taken from print, memory, or passed down orally and were sung because they were familiar songs that brought comfort or inspiration. New lyrics were often created to embellish traditional songs and the words were pertinent to circumstance or motivation.

Some songs originated as African-American spiritual songs. Slaves and workers in the fields often sang spiritual songs to bring courage, strength, and unity to the unkind conditions in which they lived and worked. Spiritual songs were usually composed in the moment, reflecting suffering or understanding.

Shanties were work songs set to a tempo that synchronized to repetitive tasks. Sea shanties, such as *Blow the Man Down*, also brought men together who worked on the ships at sea. The songs had a purpose and the lyrics harmonized with the sailors’ labors. There were also patriotic battle songs that inspired and united the troops. Sailors and soldiers had songs about the flag and love of country, their sweethearts, religion, and even drinking songs. Music offered a time for the soldier and sailor to relax and reflect.

Women, children and the men who did not go to war, also sang songs that revealed their suffering and hope for an end to the war. Civil War songs span from spiritual and protest to historical, shanty, and traditional. Action songs roused people to raise their voices. Traditional songs and ballads spoke of heritage and remembrance.

Today, songs usually are sung for entertainment. However, some still serve the purpose to pass down oral traditions, show love of country, pay tribute to the struggles of ancestors, or to protest in order to rally people to action.
Activity

1. Visit NIEHS's web site and choose a patriotic song. 
   http://kids.niehs.nih.gov/musicpatriot.htm
2. Read the lyrics and listen to the MIDI file to learn the tune.
3. Practice singing the song.
4. Research the song you chose to learn additional information, such as its author, when it was written, what the words represented, why it was sung and by whom, and so on.
5. Conduct research to find Civil War songs.
6. Choose one Civil War song from your research or use the song Goober Peas, and write a synopsis of its history and meaning.

   - Soldiers for both sides of the Civil War found that singing could help pass the time and relieve stress. Goober Peas song became popular during that time and is still sung “for fun” in classrooms or around campfires. Listen to the melody and then practice singing the song! 
   http://kids.niehs.nih.gov/lyrics/gooberp.htm

Extensions

1. Create your own song. Write lyrics to represent an important event in your life or something you are passionate about. Create a melody for your lyrics and practice singing the song. Share your song with your classmates.
2. Find a tune that you are familiar with and like. Write new lyrics for the song. Practice singing the song and share it with others.
3. Conduct research to evaluate how slaves might have used songs to strengthen their religion and family to create a viable culture and improve the effects of slavery.
4. Research North and South Civil War songs and explain how they show the economic, social, and cultural differences between the North and South.
5. Using lyrics from Civil War songs, describe the motives for fighting and daily life experiences of Confederate soldiers with those of white and African-American Union soldiers.
6. Choose a Civil War song that tells a story of a hero or famous battle and discuss if the song is completely factual or not. How might the lyrics of songs change to embellish the truth and why?
7. Analyze several Civil War songs that demonstrate freedom of expression and the role of protest in a democracy.

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Goober Peas
By A. Pinder

Sitting by the roadside on a summer's day
Chating with my mess-mates, passing time away
Lying in the shadows underneath the trees
Goodness, how delicious, eating goober peas.

Peas, peas, peas, peas
Eating goober peas
Goodness, how delicious,
Eating goober peas.

When a horse-man passes, the soldiers have a rule
To cry out their loudest, "Mister, here's your mule!"
But another custom, enchanting-er than these
Is wearing out your grinders, eating goober peas.

Peas, peas, peas, peas
Eating goober peas
Goodness, how delicious,
Eating goober peas.

Just before the battle, the General hears a row
He says "The Yanks are coming, I hear their rifles now."
He looks down the roadway, and what d'ya think he sees?
The Georgia Militia cracking goober peas.

Peas, peas, peas, peas
Eating goober peas
Goodness, how delicious,
Eating goober peas.

I think my song has lasted just about enough.
The subject is interesting, but the rhymes are mighty rough.
I wish the war was over, so free from rags and fleas
We'd kiss our wives and sweethearts, say goodbye to goober peas.

Peas, peas, peas, peas
Eating goober peas
Goodness, how delicious,
Eating goober peas.
Vocabulary

**Battle Songs**—songs that were sung before, during, or after a battle to inspire troops to fight and/or continue fighting

**Lyrics**—a set of words that make up a song. The writer of lyrics is a lyricist or lyrist. The meaning of lyrics can be either explicit or implicit, while some are abstract.

**MIDI File**—Musical Instrument Digital Interface (MIDI) is an industry specification for encoding, storing, synchronizing, and transmitting the musical performance and data of electronic musical instruments.

**Sea Shanty**—a sea song or sailor's song; used for work or amusement

**Spiritual Songs**—religious (generally Christian) songs, which were created by enslaved African people in America

Resources

**Books:**


**Web Sites:**

**National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (NIEHS) Kids’ Pages: Patriotic Songs**

Visit this site for patriotic, children, camp songs, and more. Most songs have the lyrics and a midi file for the tune. [http://kids.niehs.nih.gov/musicpatriot.htm](http://kids.niehs.nih.gov/musicpatriot.htm)

**National Park Service: Civil War Soldiers and Sailors System**

A comprehensive research tool for searching the records of the soldiers and sailors that fought in the Civil War. [http://www.itd.nps.gov/cwss/](http://www.itd.nps.gov/cwss/)

**The Music of the American Civil War**

This site has about 30 midi files and lyrics of Civil War Music. Categories include *Patriotic Songs, The Soldiering Life, Battlefield Deaths, Domestic Scenes,* and *Emancipation Songs*. [http://pdmusic.org/civilwar.html](http://pdmusic.org/civilwar.html)

**The USCT Chronicle: The Marching Song of the 1st Arkansas Colored**


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